



MC² challenge in Risk

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Dec 10, 2014
HIPERFIT workshop



Agenda

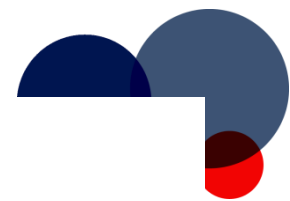
MC price + MC Risk

Horizon calculations

~~CVA~~

~~CreditVaR~~



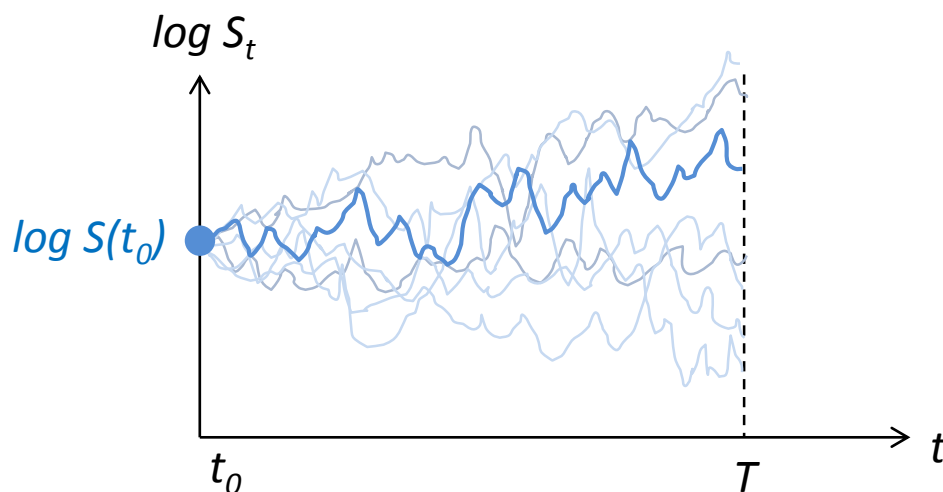


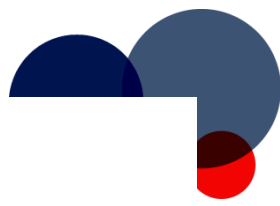
Pricing with Monte Carlo

$$\pi_{t_0} = P(t_0, T) E^T \{ H(S_T) | \mathcal{F}_{t_0} \}$$

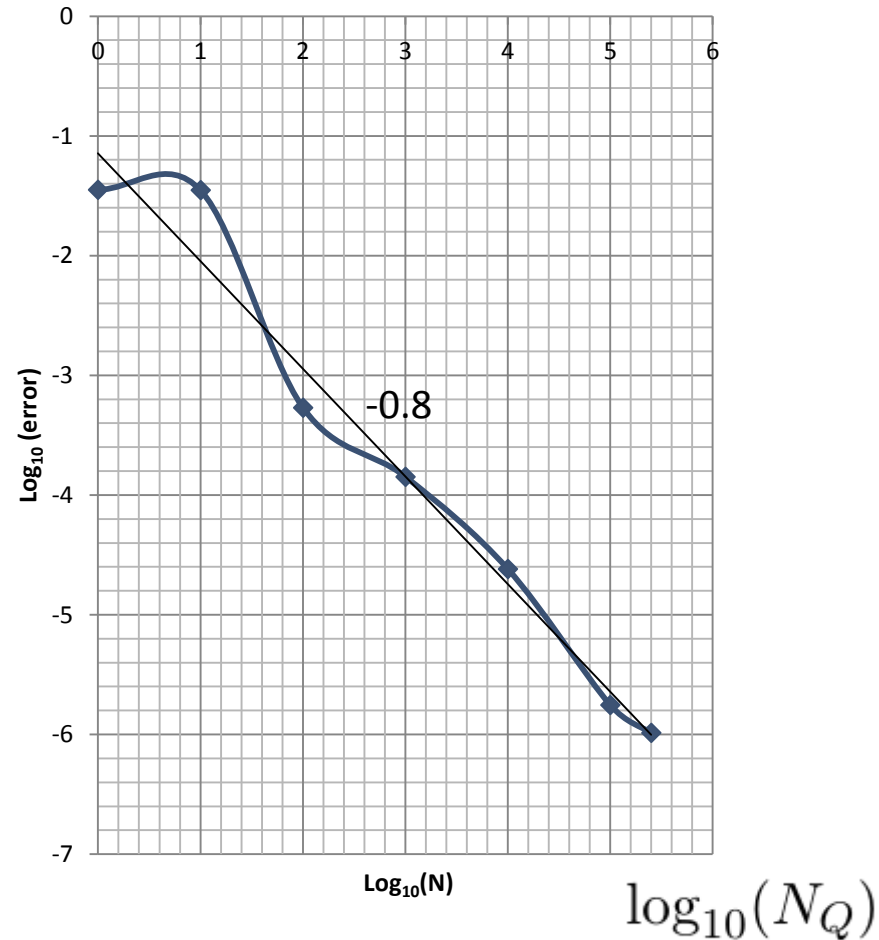
$$E^T \{ H \} \sim \langle H \rangle_{MC}$$

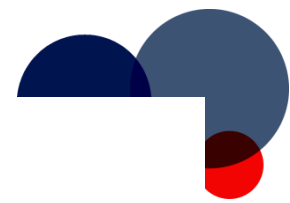
$$\sim \frac{1}{\sqrt{N_Q}}$$





Pricing with Monte Carlo

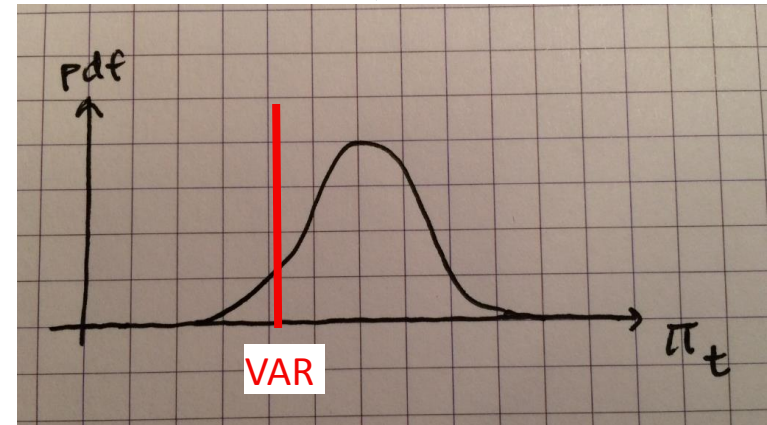
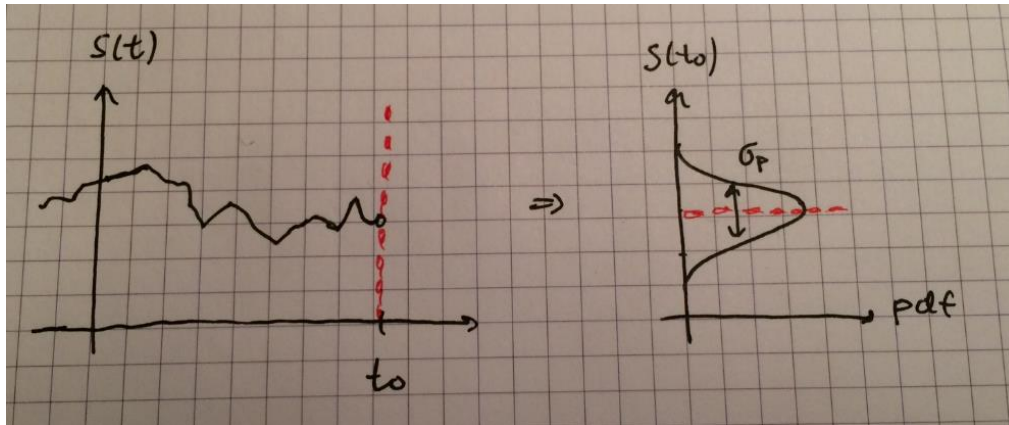




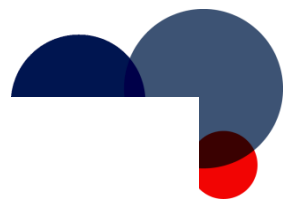
VAR with Monte Carlo

- Let $S(t_0)$ be a risk factor:
 - From historical observations, define distribution ...

... Draw N_P samples from $S(t_0)$ distribution and calculate distribution of Q price

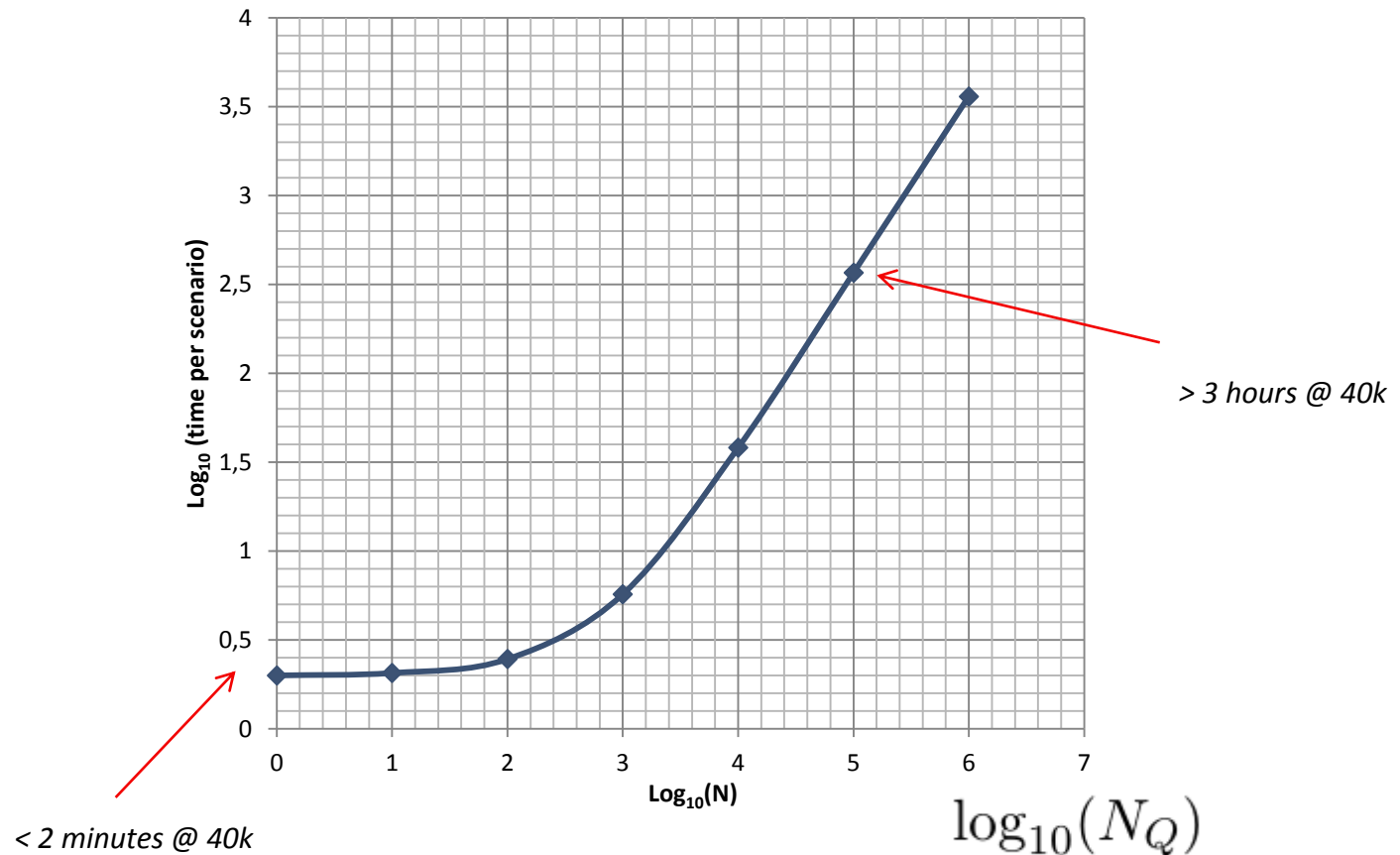


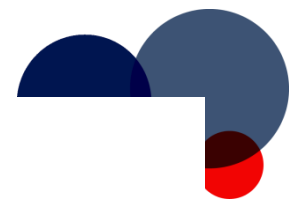
MC on MC



MC VAR execution time

Execution time versus Q paths





MC²: Portfolio of callable bonds

Structured note:

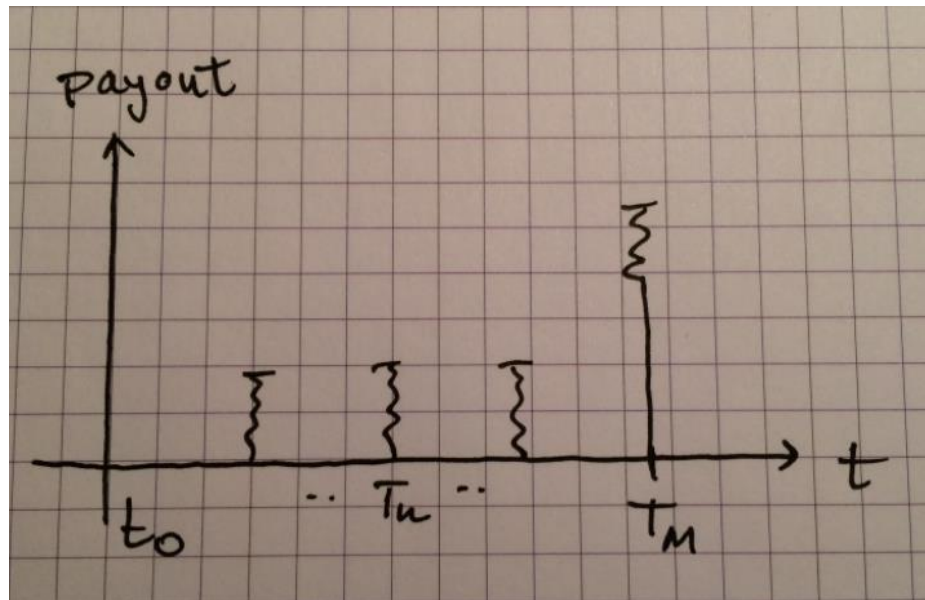
- Underlying is CMS rate
- Issuer calls
- Caps and floors
- Maturity up to 50Y

Price models:

- Libor Market Model
- Hull White 2F
- Hull White 1F
- ... all are calibrated ...

Portfolio:

2500 contracts



Risk factors:

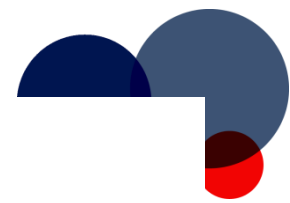
Swaptions (90 RF)

Yield curves (22 RF)

⇒ 6328 covariances

MC VAR paths (NP) = 40.000

Overnight calculation: 5h



MC²: Portfolio of callable bonds

Structured note:

- Underlying is CMS rate
- Issuer calls
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Price models:

- Libor Market Model
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- ... all are calibrated ...

Portfolio:

2500 contracts

Paths:
contracts x NP x NQ =
 $2.500 \times 40.000 \times 10.000 = 1000 \text{ B}$

Time:
 $2.500 \times 40.000 \times 5\text{ms} = 139 \text{ hours}$
60 load-balanced servers => 2.3 hours

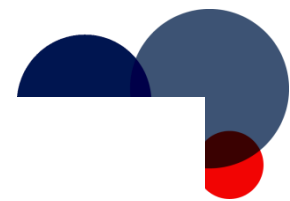
without
calibration ...

Risk factors:

Swaptions (90 RF)
Yield curves (22 RF)
=> 6328 covariances

MC VAR paths (NP) = 40.000

Overnight calculation: 5h



(Re-) Calibration

- do n = 1:NP (Risk)
 - do m = 1:NQ (Price)
 - price_q(m) = path (RF_set(n))
 - enddo
 - price_p(n) = average (price_q)
 - enddo
- do n = 1:NP (Risk)
 - model_pars = calibrate(RF_set(n))
 - do m = 1:NQ (Price)
 - price_q(m) = path (model_pars)
 - enddo
 - price_p(n) = average (price_q)
 - enddo

Calibration of price models:

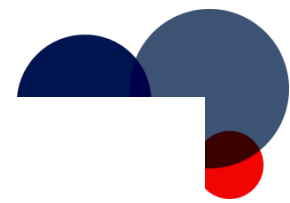
- Libor Market Model (1-10 seconds)
- Hull White 2F (1-10 seconds)
- Hull White 1F (0.1 seconds)

Calibrations:

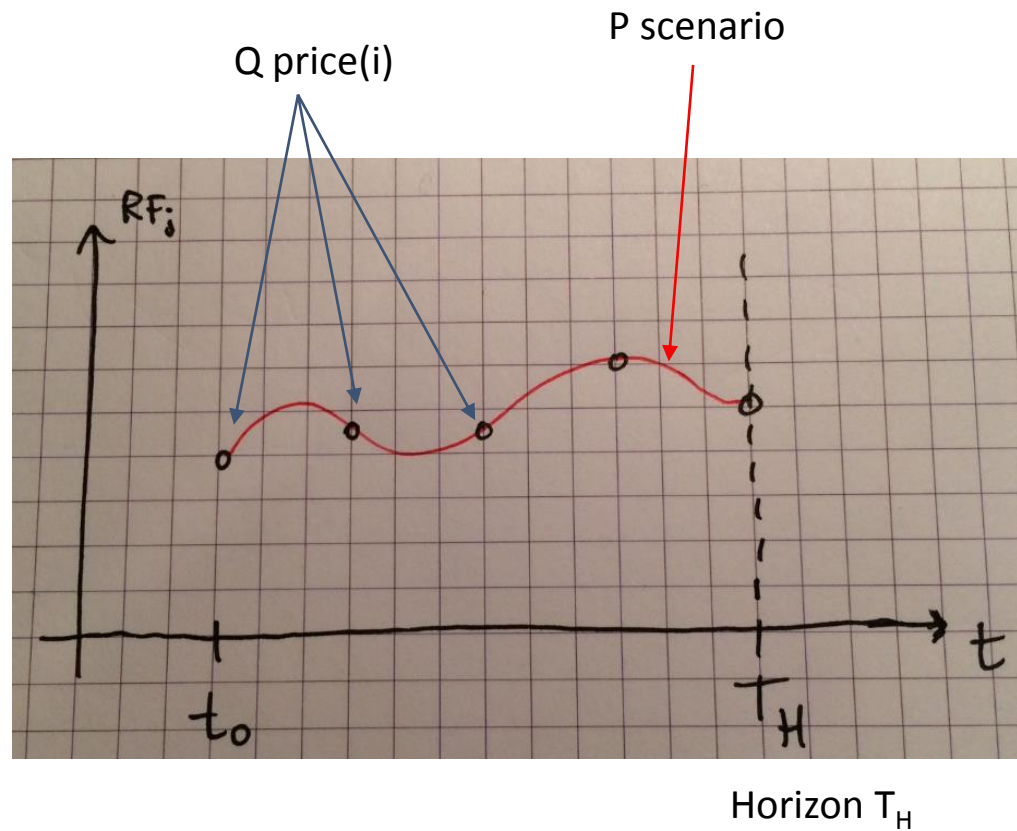
models x NP =
10 x 40.000 = 400 k

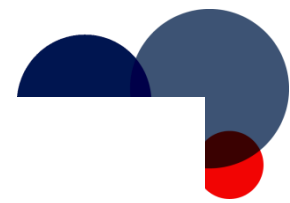
Time:

10 x 40.000 x 1s = 111 hours
60 load-balanced servers => 1.9 hours



Horizon calculations





Horizon calculations

Propagation:

- Re-investment rules
- (Daily) Q pricing

Purpose:

- Future Exposure
 - Limits
- Liability matching
 - Legal

$MC^2 \times N$

